

2.1

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$$\begin{aligned} 1) \text{ a) } f(x) &= x^2 - 6x + 15 \\ &= (x^2 - 2(3)x + 9) + 6 \\ &= (x-3)^2 + 6. \blacksquare \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{b) } h(y) &= y^2 + 5y \\ &= (y^2 + 2(\frac{5}{2})y + (\frac{5}{2})^2) - (\frac{5}{2})^2 \\ &= (y + \frac{5}{2})^2 - \frac{25}{4}. \blacksquare \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{c) } g(s) &= s^2 + 2s - 8 \\ &= (s^2 + 2s + 1) - 9 \\ &= (s+1)^2 - 9. \blacksquare \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{d) } k(x) &= 2x^2 - 2x + 5 \\ &= 2(x^2 - 2(\frac{1}{2})x + (\frac{1}{2})^2) - 2(\frac{1}{2})^2 + 5 \\ &= 2(x - \frac{1}{2})^2 - \frac{1}{2} + \frac{10}{2} \\ &= 2(x - \frac{1}{2})^2 + \frac{9}{2}. \blacksquare \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{e) } f(x) &= 3x^2 - 7x + 1 \\ &= 3(x^2 - 2(\frac{7}{2 \cdot 3})x) + 1 \\ &= 3(x^2 - 2(\frac{7}{6})x + (\frac{7}{6})^2) - 3(\frac{7}{6})^2 + 1 \\ &= 3(x - \frac{7}{6})^2 - 3(\frac{49}{36}) + 1 \\ &= 3(x - \frac{7}{6})^2 - \frac{49}{12} + \frac{12}{12} \\ &= 3(x - \frac{7}{6})^2 - \frac{37}{12}. \blacksquare \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{f) } w(x) &= \pi x^2 + 2x \\ &= \pi(x^2 + 2(\frac{1}{\pi})x + (\frac{1}{\pi})^2) - \pi(\frac{1}{\pi})^2 \\ &= \pi(x + \frac{1}{\pi})^2 - \frac{1}{\pi}. \blacksquare \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 2) \text{ a) } f(x) &= x^2 - 8x + 12 \\ &= (x^2 - 2(4)x + 16) - 4 \\ &= (x-4)^2 - 4. \blacksquare \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{b) } h(y) &= y^2 + 14y \\ &= (y^2 + 2(7)y + 7^2) - 49 \\ &= (y + 7)^2 - 49. \blacksquare \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 c) q(s) &= s^2 + 3s - 6 \\
 &= \left(s^2 + 2\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)s + \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^2\right) - \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^2 - 6 \\
 &= \left(s + \frac{3}{2}\right)^2 - \frac{9}{4} - \frac{24}{4} \\
 &= \left(s + \frac{3}{2}\right)^2 - \frac{33}{4}. \quad \blacksquare
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 d) k(x) &= 4x^2 - 8x + 3 \\
 &= 4(x^2 - 2(1)x + 1) - 4(1) + 3 \\
 &= 4(x-1)^2 - 1. \quad \blacksquare
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 5) a) x^2 + 3x + 2y^2 - 8y &= 0 \\
 \Rightarrow (x^2 + 2\left(\frac{3}{2}\right)x + \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^2) + 2(y^2 - 2(2)y + 2^2) &= \frac{9}{4} + 2(2)^2 = \frac{9}{4} + \frac{32}{4} = \frac{41}{4} \\
 \Rightarrow (x + \frac{3}{2})^2 + 2(y-2)^2 &= 41/4. \quad \blacksquare
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 b) 3x^2 + 6x - 2y^2 - 8y &= -11 \\
 \Rightarrow 3(x^2 + 2x + 1) - 2(y^2 + 2(2)y + 2^2) &= -11 + 3 - 8 = -16
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow 3(x+1)^2 - 2(y+2)^2 = -16. \quad \blacksquare$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 c) -x^2 + 4x + y^2 - 16y &= 40 \\
 \Rightarrow -(x^2 - 2(2)x + 4) + (y^2 - 2(8)y + 8^2) &= 40 - 4 + 64 = 100
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow -(x-2)^2 + (y-8)^2 = 100. \quad \blacksquare$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 d) -9x^2 + 36x - 4y^2 - 8y &= 0 \\
 \Rightarrow -9(x^2 - 2(2)x + 4) - 4(y^2 + 2(1)y + 1) &= -36 - 4 = -40
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow -9(x-2)^2 + 4(y+1)^2 = 40. \quad \blacksquare$$

$$e) x^2 + y^2 - 6x + 10y + 34 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (x^2 - 2(3)x + 9) + (y^2 + 2(5)y + 25) - 9 - 25 + 34 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (x-3)^2 + (y+5)^2 = 0. \quad \blacksquare$$

Rmk: This is degenerate because it has radius 0.

It consists only of the point (3, -5).

$$7) \text{ a) } x^2 + y^2 - 4x - 2y = 11$$

$$\Rightarrow (x^2 - 2(2)x + 4) + (y^2 - 2(1)y + 1) = 11 + 4 + 1$$

$$\Rightarrow (x-2)^2 + (y-1)^2 = 16.$$

Center: $(2, 1)$,

Radius: $\sqrt{16} = 4$. \blacksquare

$$\text{b) } x^2 + y^2 - 6x + 4y - \pi^2 + 13 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (x^2 - 2(3)x + 9) + (y^2 + 2(2)y + 4) - \pi^2 + 13 - 9 - 4 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (x-3)^2 + (y+2)^2 = \pi^2$$

Center: $(3, -2)$

Radius: π . \blacksquare

$$\text{c) } 2x^2 + 2y^2 + 4x + 8y - 20 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x^2 + y^2 + 2x + 4y = 10$$

$$\Rightarrow (x^2 + 2x + 1) + (y^2 + 2(2)y + 4) = 10 + 1 + 4 = 15$$

$$\Rightarrow (x+1)^2 + (y+2)^2 = 15.$$

Center: $(-1, -2)$

Radius: $\sqrt{15}$. \blacksquare

$$\text{d) a) } x^2 + y^2 - 6x - 8y = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (x^2 - 2(3)x + 9) + (y^2 - 2(4)y + 16) = 9 + 16 = 25$$

$$\Rightarrow (x-3)^2 + (y-4)^2 = 25$$

Center: $(3, 4)$

Radius: 5 . \blacksquare

$$\text{b) } x^2 + y^2 - 10x + 12y + 12 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (x^2 - 2(5)x + 25) + (y^2 + 2(6)y + 36) = -12 + 25 + 36 = 49$$

$$\Rightarrow (x-5)^2 + (y+6)^2 = 49$$

Center: $(5, -6)$

Radius: 7 . \blacksquare