DERIVATIVES

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Name: Solutions

In each of the following problems, use the **limit definition**

$$f'(x) = \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{f(x+h) - f(x)}{h}$$

to compute the derivative of the given function.

$$1. g(x) = \frac{x+3}{x+5}$$

$$g'(x) = \int_{h\to\infty}^{h\to\infty} \frac{(x+h)+3}{(x+h)+5} - \frac{(x+3)}{(x+5)}$$

$$= \int_{h\to\infty}^{h\to\infty} \frac{1}{h} \left(\frac{(x+h)(x+5) - (x+3)(x+h+5)}{(x+h+5)(x+5)} \right)$$

$$= \int_{h\to\infty}^{h\to\infty} \left(\frac{x^{2}+5x^{4}+h^{2}x+5h+3x^{4}+b^{2}x-(x^{2}+h^{2}x+5k+3k+1)b^{2}}{h^{2}(x+h+5)(x+5)} \right)$$

$$= \int_{h\to\infty}^{h\to\infty} \frac{5h-3h}{h^{2}(x+h+5)(x+5)}$$

$$= \int_{h\to\infty}^{h\to\infty} \frac{2h}{(x+h+5)(x+5)} = \int_{(x+5)^{2}}^{2}$$

2. $h(x) = \sqrt{9-x}$





$$= \frac{-1}{\sqrt{q-x-0} + \sqrt{rx}} = \frac{1-1}{2\sqrt{q-x}}$$