

INVERSE FUNCTIONS

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Name: _____

Laws of Exponents. Let $a, b \neq 1$ be positive numbers. If x and y are any real numbers, then

$$b^{x+y} = b^x b^y \quad b^{x-y} = \frac{b^x}{b^y} \quad (b^x)^y = b^{xy} \quad (ab)^x = a^x b^x$$

Simplify the following expressions.

1. $\frac{4^{-3}}{2^{-2}}$

3. $x(3x^2)^3$

2. $8^{4/3}$

4. $b^8(2b^4)$

Laws of Logarithms. Let $a, b \neq 1$ be positive numbers. If x and y are positive numbers, then

$$\log_b(xy) = \log_b(x) + \log_b(y)$$

$$\log_b\left(\frac{x}{y}\right) = \log_b(x) - \log_b(y)$$

$$\log_b(x^r) = r \log_b(x)$$

$$\log_b(x) = \frac{\log_a(x)}{\log_a(b)}$$

Find the given logarithm.

$$5. \log_9(1)$$

$$8. \log_7(1)$$

$$11. \log_3\left(\frac{1}{27}\right)$$

$$6. \log_9(9^8)$$

$$9. \log_7(49)$$

$$12. \log_{10}(\sqrt{10})$$

$$7. \log_9(9)$$

$$10. \log_7\left(\frac{1}{49}\right)$$

$$13. \log_5(0.2)$$

Expand the given expression.

$$\mathbf{14.} \log_5\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)$$

$$\mathbf{15.} \log_3(x\sqrt{y})$$

$$\mathbf{16.} \log_3(5a)$$

$$\mathbf{17.} \log_5\left(\frac{2a}{b}\right)$$

$$\mathbf{18.} \log_{10}((w^2 z)^{10})$$

$$\mathbf{19.} \log_7\left(\frac{\sqrt[3]{wz}}{x}\right)$$

Combine the given expression.

$$\mathbf{20.} 4 \log_2(x) - \frac{1}{3} \log_2(x^2 + 1)$$

$$\mathbf{21.} \log_{10}(5) + 2 \log_{10}(x) + 3 \log_{10}(x^2 + 5)$$

$$\mathbf{22.} \ 2\log_8(x+1) + 2\log_8(x-1)$$

$$\mathbf{23.} \ \log_5(x^2 - 1) - \log_5(x - 1)$$